

Patent Application
of
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for
Apparatus and Method for Lighting Wearable Items

BACKGROUND OF INVENTION

1. Field of Invention

This invention relates to an apparatus and method for lighting wearable items, such as jackets and other clothing items and bags that are carried or worn by use of a strap or belt, or multiple straps or belts, such as a purse, or a backpack worn on one's back with the use of a shoulder strap or multiplicity of shoulder straps, or a fanny pack worn around one's waist with the use of a belt, and in particular to clothing and a bag such as that described above that includes

a flexible electroluminescent light filament component with a greatly increased electrical capacity, a substantially increased brightness and a greater flexibility.

2. Discussion of Prior Art

The prior art is exemplified by many examples of clothing items, backpacks, fanny packs, and other "carryable" luggage articles that include some type of lighting source, and are well-known and in widespread use.

While lighted clothing and backpacks have been proposed, using incandescent light sources, light emitting diodes (LEDs) and electro-luminescent (EL) light strips and panels, there are found many disadvantages inherent in those applications. The disadvantages of those include excessive weight, size and power consumption of the incandescent light sources, narrow viewing angle of the light and insufficient visibility of the light of the LEDs, and reduced electrical capacity of the light source, reduced brightness, fragility and reduced flexibility, and optical discontinuity in the EL layer, causing further substantial light losses of the EL strips and panels. The known prior art, as shown in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,836,671, limits the lighting source to the electro-luminescent light strip in the form of a multi-element light panel of the type described in U.S. Pat. No. 5,572,817. The disadvantages of a luminescent light strip include reduced flexibility, that is, the light strip is more fragile and will not withstand multiple flexing or bending, which would occur quite frequently when placed on a jacket or other item of clothing or on a child's backpack, and optical discontinuity in the EL layer, causing further substantial light losses.

A further disadvantage of the prior art relates to the failure to have a time-out switch, thus allowing the light source to automatically turn itself off, thereby preserving the life of the light source and power source.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is thus an objective of the present invention to overcome the drawbacks of the prior art and to provide a lighted article of clothing, backpack, waist pack and other carry-type bag with increased brightness of the light source, increased electrical capacity of the electroluminescent filament, increased versatility of the lighting placement, increased flexibility in the lighting placement, increased safety and visibility of the wearer, and increased attractiveness of the pack.

According to the invention, this objective is achieved by providing a backpack or other carry-type bag or article of clothing in which the lighting source consists of at least one flexible, cable-like electroluminescent wire, such as that marketed by ELAM, Electroluminescent Industries, Ltd. as LyTec TM. and as described in U.S. Pat. No. 5,869,930, more specifically, a light source consisting of at least one flexible, cable-like electroluminescent filament, each filament comprising a central electrode surrounded by an electrically insulating dielectric layer; a layer consisting of a mixture of an electroluminophor powder and a binder, said mixture being applied to said dielectric layer; a transparent electrode surrounding the layer consisting of said mixture, wherein pores formed in said mixture layer are filled in by a transparent filler substance.

This objective is further achieved by providing the backpack or other carry-type bag with a compact and lightweight power source and control device. The power source can be DC with a DC/AC converter and transformer unit, with rechargeable batteries, and the control device can include certain special effects, such as a continuous light, flashing, strobe or a blinking light, and a time-out switch.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

FIG. 1 is a perspective view of the preferred embodiment in which the carry-type bag is a backpack.

FIG. 2 is a functional block diagram of a circuit for powering the electroluminescent filament of the preferred embodiment.

FIG. 3 is a longitudinal cross-section that illustrates the detailed structure of the electroluminescent layer.

FIG. 4 is a perspective view of the preferred embodiment in which the EL wire is attached to a jacket.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

FIG. 1 shows a backpack 1 in accordance with the preferred embodiment, that of a flexible electroluminescent wire 2 ("EL wire") attached thereto. The EL wire 2 can be attached through a variety of attaching means, such as glue, tape, cloth or non-abrasive staples, or the like, and the EL wire 2 can also be attached by means of sewing the EL wire 2 onto the outer portion of the backpack, or in or along a seam of the backpack, thereby making the backpack more attractive. The EL wire can, therefore, be incorporated into the manufacture of the backpack by being sewn into the seams, thus outlining the backpack's silhouette and other features. The flexibility of the EL wire 2 allows it to also be attached in a variety of designs, including shapes, letters, words, or numbers, being limited only by one's imagination, thereby making the backpack more attractive and unique.

Referring still to FIG. 1, the backpack 1 includes a plurality of straps 3 designed to be worn over the shoulders of the wearer, a bag or case made of a relatively soft, lightweight material, such as plastic, nylon, natural or synthetic cloth or cloth-like material, or leather, which includes a compartment for carrying a load, an open top 4, and a closing means 5 attached to said open top 4, said closing means could be a variety of closures, such as a zipper, tying cord, flap

and buckle, or the like. The backpack further includes a control driver 6 and a power source 9 which are attached to the flexible electroluminescent wire 2, thus providing the means for the EL wire 2 to glow.

Referring now to FIG. 2, the control driver 6 comprises a switch 7, a circuit means 8, a time-out switch 10 and connecting wire 11 connecting said control driver 6, switch 7, circuit means 8, power source 9, time-out switch 10 and EL wire 2 together. The preferred embodiment of the power source 9 is a DC power supply, such as dry cell batteries, either rechargeable or not, to which a DC/AC converter and or transformer could be attached. With rechargeable batteries, a rechargeable power outlet 12 would be disclosed and incorporated into the invention attached to the power source 9, thus enabling the power source 9 to be recharged without being taken out of the backpack. Within the circuit means 8 would be the capability to provide for either a constant emission of light or intermittent emission of light, such as blinking at varied intervals.

Referring now to FIG. 3, a representative EL wire 2 is shown in a longitudinal cross-sectional view. FIG. 3 shows the detailed structure of such an EL wire having a flexible copper wire serving as an electrode 13 and covered by an electrically insulating dielectric layer 14. Layer 14 is surrounded by an electroluminophor layer 15. Layer 15 is surrounded by a thin, transparent electrode 16, such as gold or conductive oxides or conductive polymers. Layer 15 is covered by a barrier layer 17 consisting of a transparent viscous substance. Layer 17 is surrounded by a transparent, flexible polymer 18. As indicated earlier, this representative flexible EL wire is merely one of the types of flexible EL wire that can be used. There exist several different types, and all will allow for the flexibility of attachment to the backpack, thus allowing for more flexibility in shape and design on the backpack and will be more adaptable to a variety of means of attachment to the backpack. The preferred embodiment of the flexible EL

wire is one such that emits a variety of colors, depending upon the make-up of the particular flexible EL wire.

Referring now to FIGS. 4 and 4A, these show a jacket 19, front and back, in accordance with another preferred embodiment, that of a flexible electroluminescent wire 2 ("EL wire") attached thereto. The EL wire 2 can be attached through a variety of attaching means, such as glue, tape, cloth or non-abrasive staples, or the like, and the EL wire 2 can also be attached by means of sewing the EL wire 2 onto the jacket, or in or along a seam of the jacket, thereby making the jacket more attractive. The EL wire can, therefore, be incorporated into the manufacture of the jacket by being sewn into the seams, thus outlining the jacket's silhouette and other features. The EL wire 2 can also be attached in a variety of designs, including shapes, letters, words, or numbers, being limited only by one's imagination, thereby making the jacket more attractive and unique.

In operation, the direct current supplied by DC power source 9 is thus converted into an alternating current of a desired frequency by DC/AC converter to the transformer for increasing the voltage of the alternating current, and then transmitted from the transformer to the circuit means 8. Circuit means 8 provides a number of preset or switchable options for turning on the EL wire 2, e.g., steady, flash, sequential or random, and may take any desired form from a simple flasher circuit to a microprocessor, depending on the complexity of the special effects to be exhibited. Also, while the EL wire 2 can be turned on and off by means of a switch 7, it may also be desired to include or substitute a photosensitive, vibration-sensitive, tilt-sensitive, or motion-sensitive switch to automatically turn the light on and off upon the occurrence of external events such as nightfall or various movements by the wearer. After a set period of time, the

current may be terminated by the operation of the time-out switch 10, thereby conserving both the power source 9 and the life of the EL wire 2.

Further, the power source 9 can comprise rechargeable batteries, in which case, a rechargeable power outlet 12 could be incorporated into the backpack, thereby allowing for the unit to be plugged into a wall outlet, and thereby recharging the batteries.

Having thus described specific preferred embodiments of the invention in terms which will enable those skilled in the art to make and use the invention, it will nevertheless be appreciated that numerous variations and modifications are possible within the scope of the invention. Thus, it is intended that the invention not be limited by the above description or drawings, but rather that it be limited solely by the appended claims.